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Consensus

Definition:

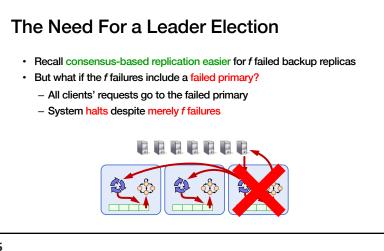
- A general agreement about something
- An idea or opinion that is shared by all the people in a group

Where do we use consensus?

- · What is the order of operations
- · Which operations are fully executed (committed) and not
- · Who are the members of the group
- · Who are the leaders of the group

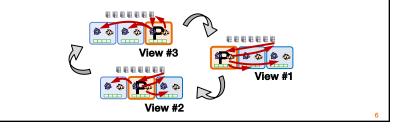
Raft Overview

- 1. Leader election
- 2. Normal operation (basic log replication)
- 3. Safety and consistency after leader changes
- 4. Neutralizing old leaders
- 5. Client interactions
- 6. Reconfiguration

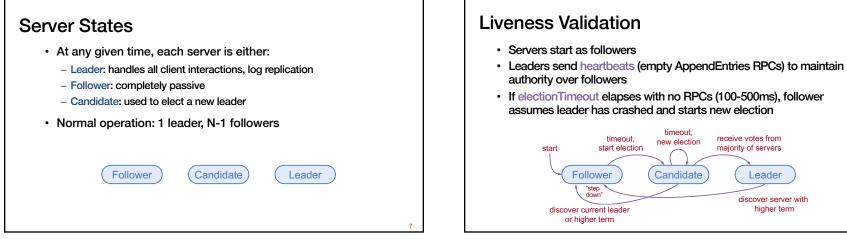


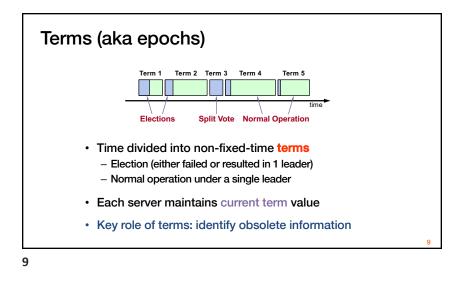
Leaders and Views

- · Let different replicas assume role of leader (primary) over time
- · System moves through a sequence of views
 - View = { leader, { members }, settings }



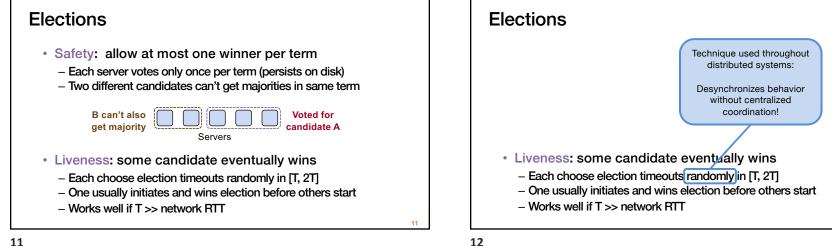
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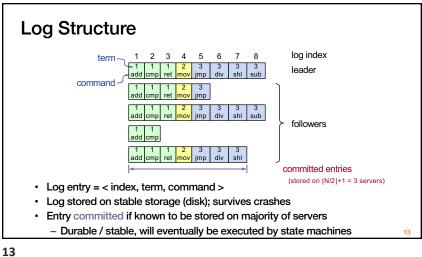


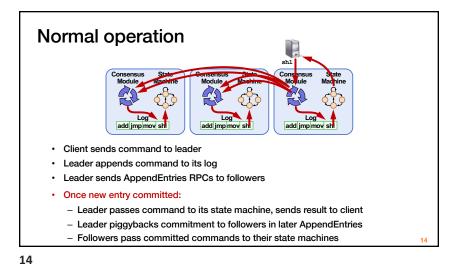


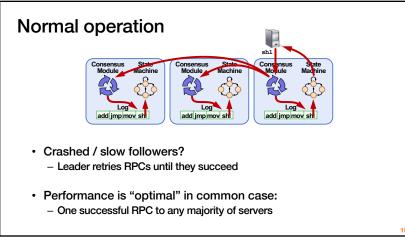


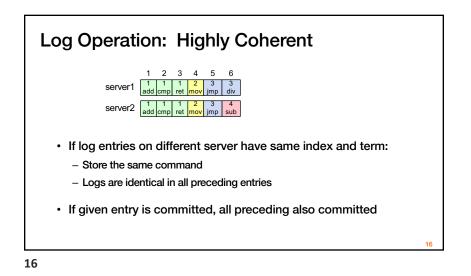
- · Start election:
 - Increment current term, change to candidate state, vote for self
- · Send RequestVote to all other servers, retry until either:
 - 1. Receive votes from majority of servers:
 - Become leader •
 - Send AppendEntries heartbeats to all other servers
 - 2. Receive RPC from valid leader:
 - Return to follower state
 - 3. No-one wins election (election timeout elapses):
 - Increment term, start new election ٠

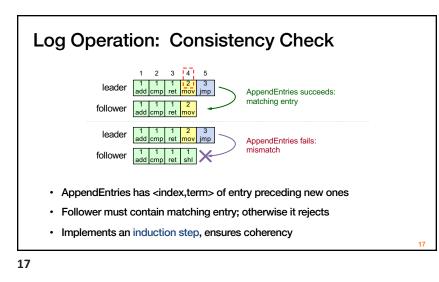






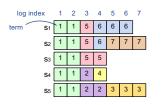


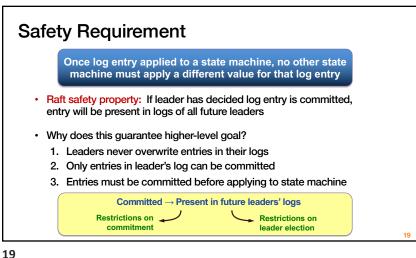


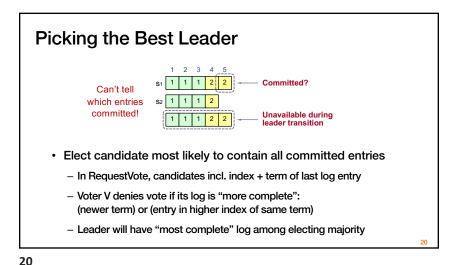


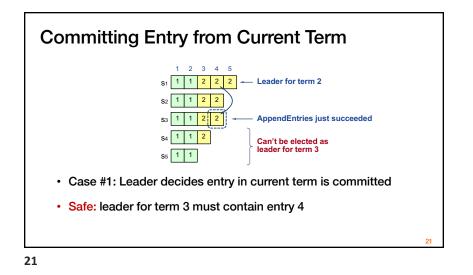
Leader Changes

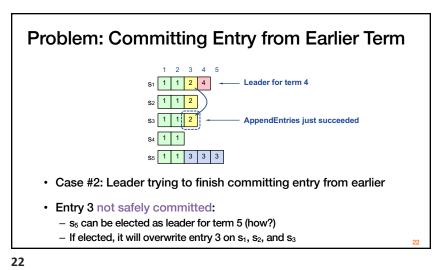
- · New leader's log is truth, no special steps, start normal operation
 - Will eventually make follower's logs identical to leader's
 - Old leader may have left entries partially replicated
- Multiple crashes can leave many extraneous log entries

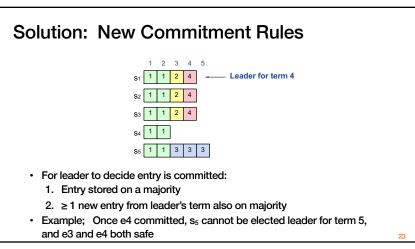


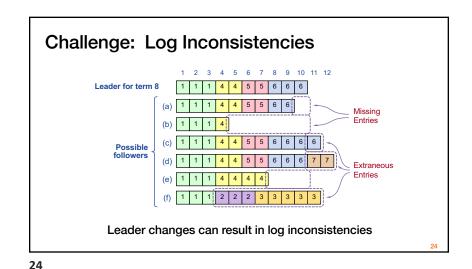


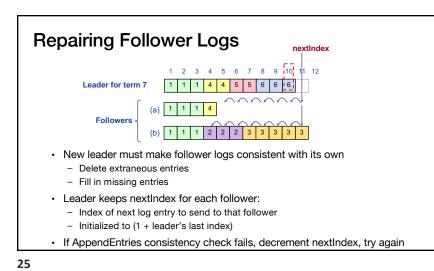


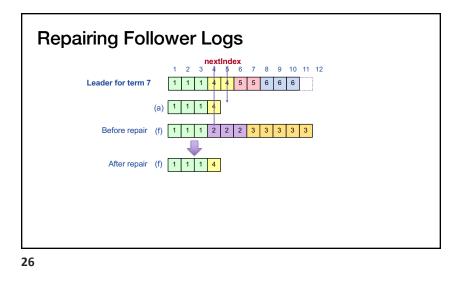








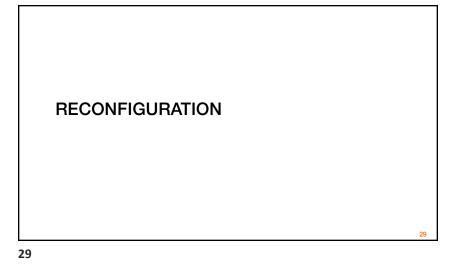


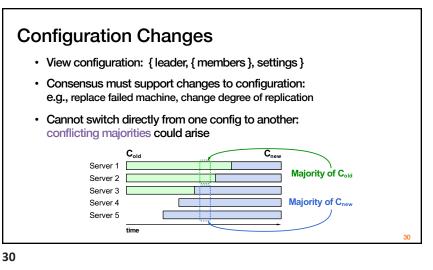


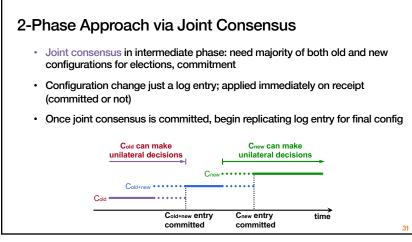
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Client Protocol

- · Send commands to leader
 - If leader unknown, contact any server, which redirects client to leader
- Leader only responds after command logged, committed, and executed by leader
- If request times out (e.g., leader crashes):
 - Client reissues command to new leader (after possible redirect)
- Ensure exactly-once semantics even with leader failures
 - $-\,$ E.g., Leader can execute command then crash before responding
 - Client should embed unique request ID in each command
 - This unique request ID included in log entry
- Before accepting request, leader checks log for entry with same id





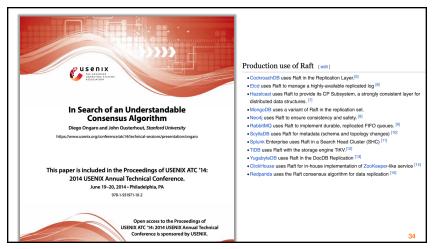


2-Phase Approach via Joint Consensus · Any server from either configuration can serve as leader • If leader not in Cnew, must step down once Cnew committed Cnew can make Cold can make unilateral decisions unilateral decisions Cnew • leader not in Cnew Cold+new ••••• steps down here time Cold+new entry Cnew entry committed committed

Summary

- RAFT "looks like a single machine" that does not fail – Use majority (f+1) out of 2f+1 replicas to make progress
- RAFT is similar to multi-paxos / viewstamped replication – Details make it easier to understand and implement
- · Strong leader add constraints, but makes things simple
 - Only vote for a leader with a $\log \ge your \log \log z$
 - Leader's log is canonical, gets others replica's logs to match

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